



# **Fonterra Tacker**

# **Planning**

# System description

Fonterra Tacker is the ideal floor heating system for narrow and angled rooms. Because the pipes are not bound to a raster, they can be stapled in an extremely flexible manner for optimum adjustment to the geometry of the rooms.

The heat and footfall sound insulated tacker panels with raster imprint are available in various thicknesses as folding or rolling system. The top layer overlaps for connecting the panels.

If Fonterra systems are also used for cooling, a dewpoint sensor is required according to DIN EN 1264-4. The dewpoint sensor interrupts the cooling water flow before condensation or drops can form.

#### **System features**

- Easy and quick installation with optimum adjustment to the room geometry
- Heat and footfall sound insulation made of expanded polystyrene, fire rating class B2 according to DIN 4102
- Woven fabric film with raster imprint as protection from screed moisture according to DIN 18560
- In addition to the top layer overlapping and the masking of the connecting edges, this ensures a tight connection of the system panels.
- Available in the versions 25-2, 30-2-, 30-3 and 35-3
- Folding and rolling systems are available
- Suitable for cement and calcium sulphate screeds
- Suitable for the following pipe dimensions: 15x1.5 mm, 16x2.0 mm, 17x2.0 mm and 20x2.0 mm
- Staple with improved holding capacity



Fig. 80: Flexible tacker system for surface heating and surface cooling

Flexible tacker system



# System components





# System components

| Name                               | Article number |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| PB pipe 15 x 1.5 mm, 240 m         | 616519         |
| PB pipe 15 x 1.5 mm, 650 m         | 616526         |
| PB pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 240 m         | 697600         |
| PB pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 400 m         | 750022         |
| PB pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 650 m         | 697617         |
| PB pipe 20 x 2.0 mm, 240 m         | 703561         |
| Multi-layer pipe 16x2.0mm, 240m    | 692391         |
| PE-Xc pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 240 m      | 609627         |
| PE-Xc pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 650 m      | 609641         |
| PE-Xc pipe 20 x 2.0 mm, 240 m      | 613631         |
| PE-RT pipe 17 x 2.0 mm, 240 m      | 638313         |
| PE-RT pipe 17x2.0 mm, 650 m        | 638320         |
| PE-RT pipe 20x2.0 mm, 240 m        | 657345         |
| PE-RT pipe 20x2.0 mm, 480 m        | 657352         |
| Protective pipe for joints 17      | 610708         |
| Protective pipe for joints 20      | 562731         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, folded 25-2 | 609351         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, folded 30-2 | 609368         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, folded 30-3 | 609375         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, folded 35-2 | 625201         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, rolled 25-2 | 727765         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, rolled 30-2 | 613433         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, rolled 30-3 | 609405         |
| Fonterra Tacker panel, rolled 35-3 | 609412         |
| Fonterra Tacker staple 14-20       | 656966         |
| Fonterra Tacker                    | 659165         |
| Edge insulation strip 150/8        | 609474         |
| Edge insulation strip 150/10       | 609481         |
| Expansion joint profile 10/80      | 609542         |
| Pipe guide 90° 15-17               | 683702         |
| Pipe guide 90° 20                  | 609504         |
| Screed additive mod. 1453          | 562717         |
| Screed additive mod. 1454          | 562724         |
| Screed additive mod. 1455          | 609207         |
|                                    |                |

Tab. 37 System components



# Tools for installation

| Name                                  | Article number   |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Viega tacker                          | 659165 or 696238 |
| Viega pipe shear                      | 652005           |
| Press jaw 15                          | 439064           |
| Press jaw 16/17                       | 351540 or 485566 |
| Press jaw 20                          | 351557 or 485573 |
| Press machine, e.g. Pressgun Picco    | 735470           |
| Fonterra cutting knife                | 625207           |
| Fonterra pipe reel                    | 562359 or 754761 |
| Dispenser for the Viega adhesive tape | 609702           |

Tab. 38: Tools for installation

# **Technical data**

# Technical data system panels

|   | Fonterra Tacker 25-2<br>EPS 040 DES sg /<br>EPS 045 DES sg | Fonterra Tacker 30-2<br>EPS 040 DES sg |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Usable size of folding panel [mm]                                 | 2,000 x 1,000  |  |  |  |  |
| Usable size of rolling panel [mm]                                 | 10,000 x 1,000   |  |  |  |  |
| Panel thickness [mm]  | 25   | 30                                     |  |  |  |
| Footfall sound reduction [dB]                                     | 26/28  | 28                                     |  |  |  |
| max. payload [kN/m²]  | 5/4  | 5                                      |  |  |  |
| Thermal resistivity R <sub>\(\lambda\)</sub> [m <sup>2</sup> K/W] | 0.60/0.55  | 0,75                                   |  |  |  |
| Fire rating class   | B 2  |  |  |  |  |
| Material free of CFCs (foam and foil)                             | EPS + LDPE   |  |  |  |  |
| Dynamic flexural stiffness [MN/m³]                                | 30/20 20   |  |  |  |  |

Tab. 39: Technical data system panels, part 01

|  | Fonterra<br>Tacker 30-3<br>EPS 045 DES sg | Fonterra<br>Tacker 35-3<br>EPS 045 DES sg | Fonterra<br>Tacker 35-2<br>EPS 040 DES sg |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Usable size of folding panel [mm]                      | 2,000 x 1,000                             |   |   |  |  |
| Usable size of rolling panel [mm]                      | 10,000 x 1,000                            |   |   |  |  |
| Panel thickness [mm]                                   | 30 35 35                                  |   |   |  |  |
| Footfall sound reduction [dB]                          | 28 28                                     |   | 28  |  |  |
| max. payload [kN/m²]                                   | 3   | 5   |   |  |  |
| Thermal resistivity $R_{\lambda}$ [m <sup>2</sup> K/W] | 0,65 0,78                                 |   | 0,85                                      |  |  |
| Fire rating class                                      | B 2                                       |   |   |  |  |
| Material free of CFCs (foam and foil)                  | EPS + LDPE                                |   |   |  |  |
| Dynamic flexural stiffness [MN/m³]                     | 20  | 20  | 20  |  |  |

Tab. 40: Technical data system panels, part 02



#### Multi-PB PB PE-RT System pipes layer 17x2.0 15 x 1.5 17x2.0 16 x 2.0 **Dimensions** [mm] 15 x 1.5 16x2.0 17x2.0 Operating condition acc. Class/[MPa] 4/0.6 4-5/0.8 to ISO 10508 Operating condition acc. Class/[MPa] 5/1.0 to ISO 21003-1 Class/[MPa] Operating condition acc. to ISO 15875-1 Class/[MPa] Operating condition acc. Class/[MPa] 4/6 to ISO 22391-1 Minimum bending radius 5xd<sub>a</sub> 6xda Max. operating tempera-[°C] 95 90 70 70 ≥ -5 Mounting temperature [°C] ≥ -5 ≥ -15 > +5 Water volume [l/m] 0,113 0,13 0,11 Heat conductivity \( \lambda \) [W/(m·K)] 0,22 0,22 0,43 0,40 Linear coefficient of length [K-1] 1.3 x 10<sup>-4</sup> 2.3 x 10<sup>-5</sup> 1.3 x 10<sup>-4</sup> 1.8 x 10<sup>-4</sup> expansion Weight [g/m] 67 105 99 106 Tab. 41: Technical data system pipes, Part 01

| System pipes                            |                    | PB 20 x 2.0            | PE-RT<br>20x2.0        | PE-Xc<br>20x2.0        |  |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Dimensions                              | [mm]               |                        | 20 x 2.0               |                        |  |
| Operating condition acc. to ISO 10508   | Class/[MPa]        | 4/0.6                  |                        |                        |  |
| Operating condition acc. to ISO 21003-1 | Class/[MPa]        |                        |                        |                        |  |
| Operating condition acc.                | Class/[MPa]        |                        |                        | 4/0.8                  |  |
| to ISO 15875-1                          | Class/[MPa]        |                        |                        | 5/0.6                  |  |
| Operating condition acc. to ISO 22391-1 | Class/[MPa]        |                        | 4/0.6                  |                        |  |
| Minimum bending radius                  |                    |                        | 6xd <sub>a</sub>       | 5xd <sub>a</sub>       |  |
| Max. operating temperature [°C]         |                    | 70                     | 70                     | 90                     |  |
| Mounting temperature                    | [°C]               | ≥ -5                   | ≥ -5 > +5              |                        |  |
| Water volume                            | [l/m]              |                        | 0,20                   |                        |  |
| Heat conductivity $\lambda$             | [W/(m·K)]          | 0,22                   | 0,40                   | 0,35                   |  |
| Linear coefficient of length expansion  | [K <sup>-1</sup> ] | 1.3 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> | 1.8 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> | 2.0 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> |  |
| Weight                                  | [g/m]              | 120                    | 122                    | 118                    |  |

Tab. 42: Technical data system pipes, part 02

# Technical data System pipe



# Material requirement and mounting times

# Notes on dimensioning

| Surface heating pipe  | Installation clearance [cm] |     |      |     |      |     |  |
|---|-----------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|--|
| Surface fleating pipe   | 5,5                         | 11  | 16,5 | 22  | 27,5 | 33  |  |
| Pipes required in m/m² *  | 17,6                        | 8,8 | 5,9  | 4,4 | 3,5  | 2,9 |  |
| Staples required in pc./m² (average)  | 53                          | 27  | 18   | 14  | 11   | 9   |  |
| Expansion joint length m/m²   | 1,0                         |     |      |     |      |     |  |
| Mounting time in group minutes/m² for PB pipe                               | 7,5                         | 5,5 | 5    | 4   | 3,5  | 3,5 |  |
| Mounting time in group minutes/m² for multilayer pipe, PE-Xc and PE-RT pipe | 8,5                         | 6,0 | 5,5  | 4,5 | 4,0  | 4,0 |  |

Tab. 43: Material requirement and mounting times

### Heating circuit lengths with 80W/m<sup>2</sup> and ΔT = 10 K

| System             | Heating circuit lengths * |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Fonterra Tacker 15 | up to 100 m               |
| Fonterra Tacker 17 | up to 120 m               |
| Fonterra Tacker 20 | up to 150 m               |

Tab. 44: Heating circuit lengths with  $80\,W/m^2$  and  $\Delta T = 10\,K$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Connection lengths to the manifold must be considered



Other heating circuit lengths are possible under consideration of the output and the pressure loss.

# Surface temperatures

DIN EN 1264-2 defines the maximum permissible surface temperatures with heated floor surfaces:

- 29 °C in living areas
- 35 °C in border zones
- 33 °C in bathrooms



| System components   | Available quantities/pa-cking units              | Art. no. | Pro-rata requirement                                       |
|---|--|----------|--|
| DD nine 15 v 1 5 mm   | 240 m  | 616519   |  |
| PB pipe 15 x 1.5 mm   | 650 m  | 616526   |  |
|   | 240 m  | 697600   |  |
| PB pipe 17 x 2.0 mm   | 400 m  | 750022   |  |
|   | 650 m  | 697617   |  |
| PB pipe 20 x 2.0 mm   | 240 m  | 703561   |  |
| Multilayer pipe 16x2.0mm  | 240 m  | 692391   | depending on installation                                  |
|   | 240 m  | 609627   | clearance  |
| PE-Xc pipe 17 x 2 mm  | 650 m  | 609641   |  |
| PE-Xc pipe 20 x 2 mm  | 240 m  | 613631   |  |
|   | 240 m  | 638313   |  |
| PE-RT pipe 17x2.0   | 480 m  | 638320   |  |
|   | 240 m  | 657345   |  |
| PE-RT pipe 20x2.0   | 480 m  | 657352   |  |
| Fantawa Taakay namal  | 16 m <sup>2</sup>                                | 037032   |  |
| Fonterra Tacker panel folded 25-2   | (7 pc. à 2 m²)                                   | 609351   | 0.50 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel folded 30-2   | 14 m <sup>2</sup><br>(7 pc. à 2 m <sup>2</sup> ) | 609368   | 0.50 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel folded 30-3   | 14 m <sup>2</sup><br>(7 pc. à 2 m <sup>2</sup> ) | 609375   | 0.50 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel folded 35-3   | 12 m <sup>2</sup><br>(7 pc. à 2 m <sup>2</sup> ) | 609382   | 0.50 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel rolled 25-2   | 10 m <sup>2</sup>                                | 727765   | 0.10 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel rolled 30-2   | 10 m <sup>2</sup>                                | 613433   | 0.10 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel rolled 30-3   | 10 m <sup>2</sup>                                | 609405   | 0.10 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Fonterra Tacker panel rolled 35-3   | 10 m <sup>2</sup>                                | 609412   | 0.10 pc./m <sup>2</sup>                                    |
| Edge insulation strip 150/10 mm   | 200 m  | 609481   | $1.00  \text{m/m}^2$                                       |
| Measuring point indication  | 50 pieces  | 569082   | 3 pc./200 m² or per apartment                              |
| Staples   | 1120 pieces                                      | 656966   | 2 pc. per run-<br>ning meter<br>2 to 3 pieces<br>per elbow |
| Fonterra adhesive tape  | 6 rollers  | 609672   | 1.00 m/m <sup>2</sup>                                      |
| Screed additive<br>for heating cement screed<br>Model 1453                                  | 10 kg  | 562717   | 0.14 kg/m²   |
| Screed additive<br>for heating cement thin layer ce-<br>ment screed d ≥ 30 mm<br>Model 1454 | 10 kg  | 562724   | 1.3 kg/m²  |
| Screed additive<br>Temporex for quick setting<br>Model 1455                                 | 10 kg  | 609207   | 0.3 kg/m²  |
| Expansion joint profile   | 8 pieces   | 609542   | if<br>required   |

Material requirement

Tab. 45: Material requirement



#### Floor structures

Installation situations according to DIN EN 1264-4

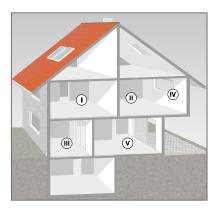


Fig. 81: Installation situations according to DIN EN 1264-4

# Minimum thermal resistivities of the insulation layer

|     | Position                     | Thermal resistivity  R <sub>Alnsulation</sub> [m² K/W] |
|-----|------------------------------|--|
| - 1 | over a heated room           | 0,75   |
| Ш   | over an unevenly heated room | 1,25   |
| III | over an unheated room        | 1,25   |
| IV  | against outside air **       | 2,0  |
| V   | against the soil **          | 1,25   |

Tab. 46: Minimum thermal resistivities of the insulation layer under the pipes of the underfloor heating or cooling system according to DIN EN 1264-4 \*\*

The thermal resistivity of the ceiling is considered when determining the downward losses.

<sup>\* -5 °</sup>C > T<sub>a</sub> ≥ - 15 °C

<sup>\*\*</sup> In case of a groundwater table  $\leq 5 \, \text{m}$ , this value should be increased.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> These requirements are valid for heating and cooling systems.

For systems exclusively used for cooling, however, these are recommended values only.



# Structural design of the underfloor heating

To minimise heat losses to adjacent areas or to avoid noise annoyance, floor structures must be designed according to the requirements of DIN EN 1264.

The standard screed is made up of the total height "upper edge" heating pipe plus 45 mm screed thickness.

With pipe dimension  $15 \times 1.5 = 60 \text{ mm}$ 

With pipe dimension  $16 \times 2.0 = 61 \text{ mm}$ 

With pipe dimension  $17 \times 2.0 = 62 \text{ mm}$ 

With pipe dimension  $20 \times 2.0 = 65 \text{ mm}$ 

Heating screeds must be executed according to DIN 18560-2.

The nominal thicknesses of the screed must be determined according to Tables 1 to 4 of DIN 18560-2; with type A, they must additionally be increased by the external diameter of heating pipe d.

With a bending tensile strength class CT F4, the pipe coverage must be at least 45 mm, and at least 35 mm with flow screeds of the same bending tensile strength CAF-F4.

#### **Fonterra Tacker**

The structures shown are minimum requirements according to DIN EN 1264-4; they are represented with Fonterra Tacker with 45 mm pipe coverage and use of Viega screed additive for heating cement screed model 1453 plus floor covering.

A reduction of up to 15 mm is possible with cement screeds CT-F4, payload 2 kN/m² under utilisation of Viega screed additives for thin layer screed additives (model 1454).

With higher traffic loads, other tensile strength or hardness classes are required according to Tables 2 to 4 of DIN 18560, part 2. Furthermore, the quantity of the screed additive must be adjusted as specified in the instructions for use.

Alternative structures are possible if stricter requirements in the OHTC value are applicable for the structural heat insulation.



Installation situation I according to DIN EN 1264-4 over a heated room

 $R_{\lambda,D\ddot{a}} = 0.75 [m^2 K/W]$ 

Installation situation I according to DIN EN 1264-4

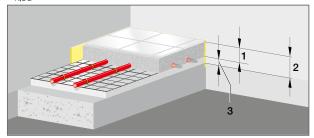


Fig. 82: Installation situation I according to DIN EN 1264-4

Installation situation II + III + V according to DIN EN 1264-4 over an unevenly heated room,

over an unheated room, and against soil

 $R_{\lambda D\ddot{a}} = 1.25 [m^2 K/W]$ 

Installation situation I + II + III according to DIN EN 1264-4

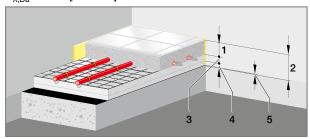


Fig. 83: Installation situation II + III + V according to DIN EN 1264-4

Installation situation IV according to DIN EN 1264-4 against outside air

 $R_{\lambda,D\ddot{a}} = 2.0 [m^2 K/W]$ 

Installation situation IV according to DIN EN 1264-4

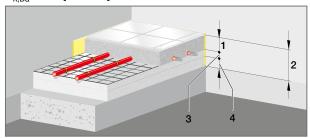


Fig. 84: Installation situation IV according to DIN EN 1264-4

Key (Fig. 82 - Fig. 84)

- (1) 45 mm + external diameter pipe
- (2) Total height
- ③ System panel
- 4 Additional insulation
- ⑤ Building waterproofing



#### Building waterproofing d<sub>BA</sub> acc. to DIN 18195 Thickness addtl. thickn. d<sub>ZD</sub> with WLG 035 Thickness addtl. thickn. d<sub>2D</sub> with WLG 040 Thick system pan. dra Installation situation acc. System panel to **DIN EN 1264-4** 25 mm 25-2 10 mm 10 mm 30 mm 30-2 $R_{\lambda D} = 0.75 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 30 mm 30-3 10 mm 10 mm 35-3 35 mm 25 mm 25-2 30 mm 30 mm if req. \* 30-2 30 mm 20 mm 20 mm if req. \* II + III + V $R_{\lambda D} = 1.25 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 30 mm 30-3 30 mm 30 mm if req. \* if req. \* 35-3 35 mm 20 mm 20 mm 25-2 25 mm 50 mm 60 mm 30-2 30 mm 50 mm 50 mm IV $R_{\lambda D} = 2.00 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 30 mm 30-3 50 mm 60 mm 35-3 50 mm 35 mm 50 mm

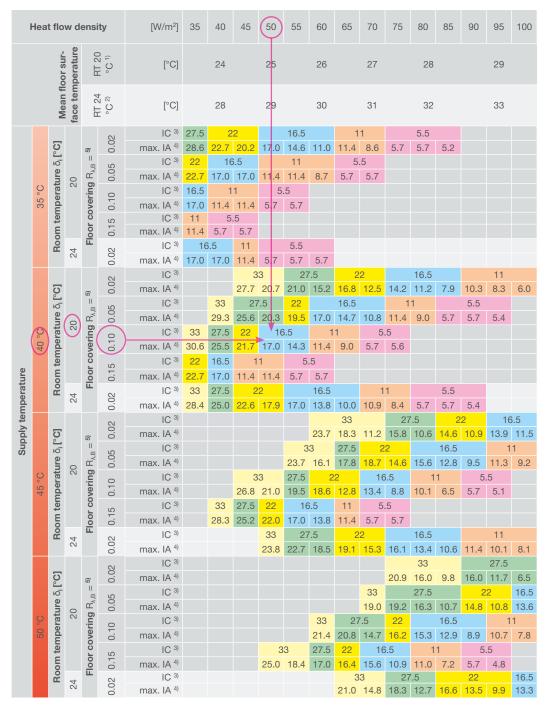
Construction heights tacker

Tab. 47: Total heights tacker

<sup>\*</sup> as required



# **Output data Fonterra Tacker 15**



Tab. 48: Output data Fonterra Tacker 15



| 105  | 110  | 115  | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 |
|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|      | 30   |      | 31  |     | 3   | 2   |     | 33  |     | 34  |     | 35  |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      | 5.5  |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 5.7  | 5.7  | 4.9  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 16   | 6.5  |      | 11  |     |     |     | 5.5 |     |     |     |     |     |
|      | 5.9  |      |     | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.7 |     | 4.8 | 3.6 |     |     |     |
| 11   |      | 5.5  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 6.8  | 5.7  | 5.7  | 5.2 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      | 5    | 5    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 5.7  |      | 5.7  | 5.1 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      | 22   |      |     | 16  |     |     |     | 1   |     |     | 5.  | .5  |
| 13.1 |      | 6.3  |     |     | 7.1 | 4.3 |     | 7.7 | 6.1 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| 11 2 | 6.5  | 11.0 | 1   |     | 5.0 | 5.7 |     | .5  | 3.5 |     |     |     |
| 11.5 | 5.5  | 11.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |     |     |     |
| 5.7  | 5.7  | 4.8  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|      | 16.5 |      |     |     | 1   |     |     | 5.  | .5  |     |     |     |
| 10.9 | 8.3  | 5.5  | 9.5 | 7.8 | 6.0 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 3.6 |     |     |



# Key

| <sup>1)</sup> RT 20 °C                  | Room temperature = 20 °C (living rooms)  |
|---|--|
| <sup>2)</sup> RT 24 °C                  | Room temperature = 24 °C (bathrooms)   |
| 3) IC                                   | Installation clearance [cm]  |
| <sup>4)</sup> max. IA [m <sup>2</sup> ] | max. installation area [m²]  |
| <sup>5)</sup> Floor covering            | Thermal resistivity of floor covering $\begin{aligned} R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.02  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with tiles 5 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.05  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with parquet 10 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.10  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with carpet 7 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.15  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with thick carpet} \end{aligned}$ |

Tab. 49: Key for the table: Output data Fonterra Tacker 15

# Reading example

| Supply temperature                 | 40 °C                           |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Room temperature                   | 20 °C                           |
| Floor covering                     | $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.1  m^2  K/W$ |
| Floor heating area                 | 16 m²                           |
| Heat flow density                  | 50 W/m²                         |
| mean floor surface temperature     | 25 °C                           |
| recommended installation clearance | IC 16.5                         |
| Max. heating circuit area          | 17 m²                           |
| 16.0 m² must be covered; therefore | 1 heating circuit               |

Tab. 50: Reading example output data Fonterra Tacker 15

# Pressure loss diagram PB 15 x 1.5 mm

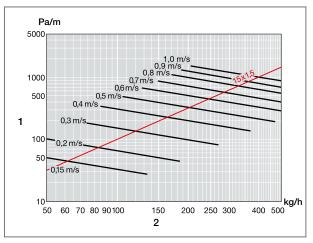


Fig. 85: Pressure loss diagram PB pipe 15 x 1.5 mm

# Key

- ① Pressure gradient R [Pa/m]
- 2 Mass flow m [kg/h] (fluid: water)



# Output diagrams Fonterra Tacker 15 Heating pipe PB 15, cement screed 45 mm pipe coverage

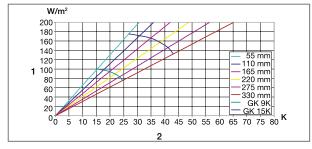


Fig. 86:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.02 \,\text{m}^2 \,\text{K/W}$ 

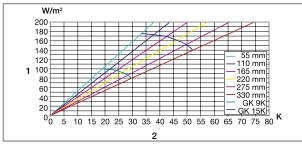


Fig. 87:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

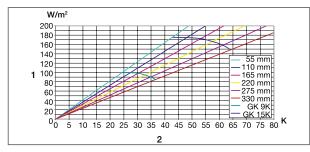


Fig. 88:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

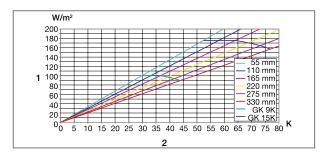


Fig. 89:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

Key

① Heat flow density [W/m2]

② Overtemperature of fluid [K]



 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \,\mathrm{m^2 \, K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 



# **Output data Fonterra Tacker 17**

| I                  | Heat flow density             |                                      |                  | У                               | [W/m <sup>2</sup> ] | 35               | 40   | 45   | 50   | 55   | 60   | 65   | 70         | 75    | 80          | 85   | 90   | 95   | 100  |      |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|-------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|
|                    |                               | oor sur-                             | face temperature | RT 20                           | °C ±                | [°C]             |      | 24   |      | 25   |      | 26   |            | 27    |             | 28   |      |      | 29   |      |
|                    | Mean floor surface temperatur |                                      | [°C]             |                                 | 28                  |                  | 29   |      | 30   |      | 31   |      | 32         |       |             | 33   |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               |                                      |                  |                                 | 02                  | IC 3)            | 27   | 7.5  | 22   |      | 16.5 |      | 1          | 1     |             | 5.5  |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | $\tilde{\Omega}$                     |                  | 2)                              | 0.0                 | max. IA 4)       | 33.8 | 26.2 | 23.8 | 20.3 | 17.5 | 13.3 | 13.2       | 10.5  | 6.8         | 6.8  | 6.2  |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | Σ.[                                  |                  | II<br>m                         | 2                   | IC 3)            | 22   | 16   | 6.5  |      | 11   |      | 5          | .5    |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | nre                                  | 20               |                                 | 0.05                | max. IA 4)       | 27.3 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 10.5 | 6.8        | 6.8   |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    | ô                             | rati                                 | 2                | Floor covering R <sub>x</sub>   | 0                   | IC 3)            | 16.5 | 1    | 1    | 5    | .5   |      |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    | 35                            | upe                                  |                  |                                 | 0.10                | max. IA 4)       | 20.3 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 6.8  | 6.8  |      |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | ten                                  |                  |                                 | 2                   | IC 3)            |      | 11   |      | 5.5  |      |      |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | Room temperature δ <sub>i</sub> [°C] |                  |                                 | 0.15                | max. IA 4)       | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 6.8  |      |      |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | Ro                                   | 24               | ш                               | 2                   | IC 3)            | 16.5 |      | 11   |      | 5.   | .5   |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               |                                      | 2                |                                 | 0.02                | max. IA 4)       | 20.3 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 10.8 | 6.8  | 6.8  |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               |                                      |                  |                                 |                     | IC 3)            |      |      | 3    | 3    | 27   | '.5  | 2          | 2     |             | 16.5 |      |      | 11   |      |
|                    | 40°C                          | Room temperature δ <sub>i</sub> [°C] |                  | 2                               | ш<br>О              | max. IA 4)       |      |      | 31.1 | 24.1 | 24.9 | 18,8 | 20.1       | 15.3  | 16.9        | 13.7 | 10.1 | 12.2 | 9.9  | 7.4  |
|                    |                               | δ.[                                  |                  | m                               |                     | IC 3)            |      | 3    | 3    | 27.5 | 22   | _ '  | 16.5       |       |             | 11   |      | 5.   | .5   |      |
|                    |                               | nre                                  | 20               | Floor covering R <sub>A</sub>   | 0:0                 | max. IA 4)       |      | 32.9 | 25.7 | 24.4 | 23.1 | 20.3 | 17.6       | 13.3  | 13.6        | 10.7 | 7.5  | 6.8  | 6.4  |      |
|                    |                               | erat                                 | (N)              | ring                            | 0                   | IC 3)            | 33   | 27.5 | 22   |      | 16.5 |      | 11         | 5.    | .5          |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | mpe                                  |                  | ove                             | 0.10                | max. IA 4)       | 35.0 | 30.3 | 26.0 | 20.3 | 16.9 | 10.7 | 10.7       | 6.8   | 6.7         |      |      |      |      |      |
| 4)                 |                               | tel                                  |                  | Š                               | 2                   | IC 3)            | 27.5 | 22   | 16.5 | 11   | 5.   | .5   |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
| ture               |                               | om                                   |                  | 001                             | 0.1                 | max. IA 4)       | 31.4 | 25.2 | 20.3 | 13.6 | 6.8  | 6.8  |            |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
| era                |                               | R                                    | 24               | -                               | 0.02                | IC 3)            | 33   | 27.5 | 2    |      |      | 16.5 |            | 1     |             |      | 5.5  |      |      |      |
| Supply temperature |                               |                                      |                  |                                 | 0.                  | max. IA 4)       | 33.3 | 29.7 | 26.5 | 21.4 | 20.1 | 16.0 |            | 12.8  | 10.1        | 6.8  | 6.8  | 6.4  |      |      |
| y te               |                               | _                                    |                  |                                 | 0.02                | IC <sup>3)</sup> |      |      |      |      |      |      | 33         |       | 27          |      |      | 22   |      | 16.5 |
| ldd                |                               | ည                                    |                  | (y'B = 5)                       | 0.                  | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      |      | 26.4 | 22.5       | 15.5  | 19.3        | 13.8 | 17.6 | 13.9 | 9.5  | 13.9 |
| Su                 |                               | e<br>Ö                               |                  |                                 | 0.05                | IC 3)            |      |      |      |      | 3    |      | 27         |       | 2           |      | 45.0 | 16.5 | 7.5  | 11   |
|                    | ()                            | ţ                                    | 20               | g                               |                     | max. IA 4)       |      |      | 0    | 0    | 28.0 | 20.3 |            | 15.3  | 17.7        | 12.8 | 15.3 | 11.8 | 7.5  | 11.0 |
|                    | 45 °C                         | Room temperature ỗ <sub>i</sub> [°C] |                  | Floor covering R <sub>A,B</sub> | 0.10                |                  |      |      |      | 3    | 27.5 |      | 22         | 16.0  |             | 11.0 |      | 5.   |      |      |
|                    | 4                             | me                                   |                  | )<br>V                          | 0                   | max. IA 4)       |      | 33   | 30.1 | 25.1 | 23.5 | 22.2 | 15.9<br>11 | 16.2  | 11.1<br>5.5 | 11.9 | 8.1  | 6.8  | 6.2  |      |
|                    |                               | n te                                 |                  | or o                            | 0.15                | max. IA 4)       |      | 31.8 | 28.3 | 24.8 | 20.3 | 16.3 |            | 6.8   | 6.8         | 5.1  |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | 00                                   |                  | 은                               |                     | IC 3)            |      | 31.0 | 20.3 |      | 3    |      | 7.5        | 0.0   |             | 5.1  | 16.5 |      | 1    | 1    |
|                    |                               | <u>«</u>                             | 24               |                                 | 0.02                | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      | 28.5 | 21.1 | 22.4 |            | 18.5  | 14.0        | 15.9 | 12.8 | 9.5  | 11.9 | 9.8  |
|                    |                               |                                      |                  |                                 |                     | IC 3)            |      |      |      | 20.5 | 21.1 | 22.4 | 10.5       | 10.5  | 14.0        | 3    |      | 9.5  | 27.5 | 9.0  |
|                    |                               | ~                                    |                  |                                 | 0.02                | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      |      |      |            |       |             | 20.4 |      | 19.8 | 15.0 | 10.0 |
|                    |                               | δ <sub>i</sub> [°C]                  |                  | = 5)                            |                     | IC 3)            |      |      |      |      |      |      |            | 3     | 3           | 27   |      | 13.0 | 22   | 10.0 |
|                    |                               | Φ                                    |                  | m                               | .05                 | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      |      |      |            |       |             | 20.0 |      | 18 1 |      | 9.3  |
|                    | O                             | atrıı                                | 20               | Jg F                            | 0                   | IC 3)            |      |      |      |      |      | :    | 33         | 27.5  |             | 2    |      | 5.5  |      |      |
|                    | 000                           | pera                                 |                  | eri                             | 0.10                | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      |      |      | 16.5       |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    | 47                            | em                                   |                  | Floor covering R <sub>h</sub> , |                     | IC 3)            |      |      |      | 3    | 3    |      |            | 16.5  |             | 10.9 |      | 5.   |      | 0.0  |
|                    |                               | m t                                  |                  | or                              | 0.15                | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      | 22.9 |      | 20.0       |       |             |      |      |      |      |      |
|                    |                               | Room temperatur                      |                  | FIC                             |                     | IC 3)            |      |      |      |      |      | _1.5 | _5.5       | 33    |             |      | '.5  | 0.0  | 22   |      |
|                    |                               | ш                                    | 24               |                                 | 0.02                | max. IA 4)       |      |      |      |      |      |      | 25.3       |       |             | 17.2 |      | 16.4 |      | 8.3  |
|                    |                               |                                      |                  |                                 |                     |                  |      |      |      |      |      |      |            | . 5.5 |             |      |      |      |      | 0.0  |

Tab. 51: Output data Fonterra Tacker 17



| 105  | 110        | 115 | 120  | 125        | 130 | 135 | 140  | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165       |
|------|------------|-----|------|------------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      | 30         |     | 31   |            | 3   | 2   |      | 33  |     | 34  |     | 35        |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 0.0  | 5.5        |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 6.8  | 6.8        | 5.8 |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 16   | 6.5        |     | 1    | 1          |     |     | 5    | 5   |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     | 9.6  |            | 5.3 | 6.8 |      | 5.6 | 4.2 |     |     |           |
| 11   |            |     | .5   |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 8.3  | 6.8        | 6.8 | 6.2  | 4.3        |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 11   |            | 5.  | .5   |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 7.4  |            | 6.8 | 6.0  |            |     |     |      | 4   | a a |     | -   | -         |
| 16.1 | 22<br>12.7 | 8.9 | 14.1 | 16<br>11 7 | 9.0 | 62  | 11.0 |     | 7.6 | 5.7 |     | .5<br>6.8 |
| 10.1 | 16.5       | 0.0 |      | 11         | 0.0 | 0.2 |      | .5  | 7.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0       |
| 13.7 | 10.5       | 7.0 | 11.0 | 8.9        | 6.3 | 6.8 | 6.8  | 5.9 | 4.3 |     |     |           |
|      | 5.5        |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
| 6.8  | 6.8        | 5.8 |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      |            |     |      |            |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |           |
|      | 16.5       |     |      | 1          |     |     |      |     | .5  |     |     |           |
| 13.1 | 10.5       | 7.4 | 11.3 | 9.4        | 7.5 | 5.3 | 6.8  | 6.8 | 5.8 | 4.5 |     |           |



#### Key

| <sup>1)</sup> RT 20 °C                  | Room temperature = 20 °C (living rooms)  |
|---|--|
| <sup>2)</sup> RT 24 °C                  | Room temperature = 24 °C (bathrooms)   |
| <sup>3)</sup> IC                        | Installation clearance [cm]  |
| <sup>4)</sup> max. IA [m <sup>2</sup> ] | max. installation area [m²]  |
| <sup>5)</sup> Floor covering            | Thermal resistivity of floor covering $\begin{aligned} R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.02  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with tiles 5 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.05  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with parquet 10 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.10  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with carpet 7 mm} \\ R_{\lambda,B} &= 0.15  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with thick carpet} \end{aligned}$ |

Tab. 52: Key for the table: Output data Fonterra Tacker 17

# Reading example

| Supply temperature                   | 40 °C                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Room temperature                     | 20 °C                      |
| Floor covering                       | $R_{A,B} = 0.05  m^2  K/W$ |
| Floor heating area                   | 18 m²                      |
| Heat flow density                    | 60 W/m²                    |
| mean floor surface temperature       | 26 °C                      |
| recommended installation clearance   | IC 16.5                    |
| Max. heating circuit area            | 20.3 m <sup>2</sup>        |
| 18.0 m² must be covered; accordingly | 1 heating circuit          |

Tab. 53: Reading example output data Fonterra Tacker 17

Pressure loss diagram PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT 17x2.0mm

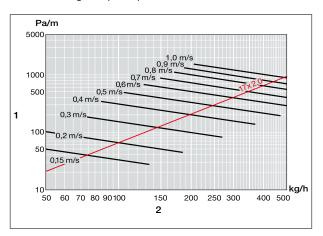


Fig. 90: Pressure loss diagram PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT 17x2.0 mm Key

- ① Pressure gradient R [Pa/m]
- 2 Mass flow m [kg/h] (fluid: water)



# **Output diagrams Fonterra Tacker 17**

Heating pipe PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT/17, cement screed 45 mm pipe coverage

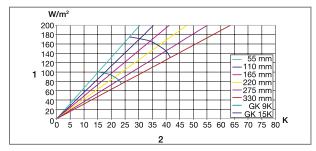


Fig. 91:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.02 \,\text{m}^2 \,\text{K/W}$ 

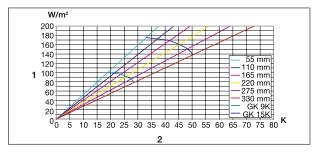


Fig. 92:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

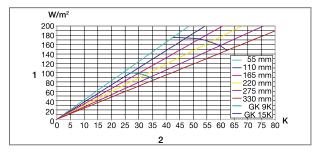


Fig. 93:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \,\text{m}^2 \,\text{K/W}$ 

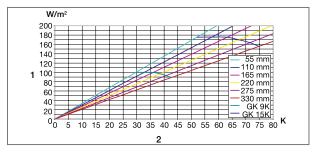


Fig. 94:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \,\text{m}^2 \,\text{K/W}$ 

# Key

① Heat flow density [W/m2]

② Overtemperature of fluid [K]

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.02 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

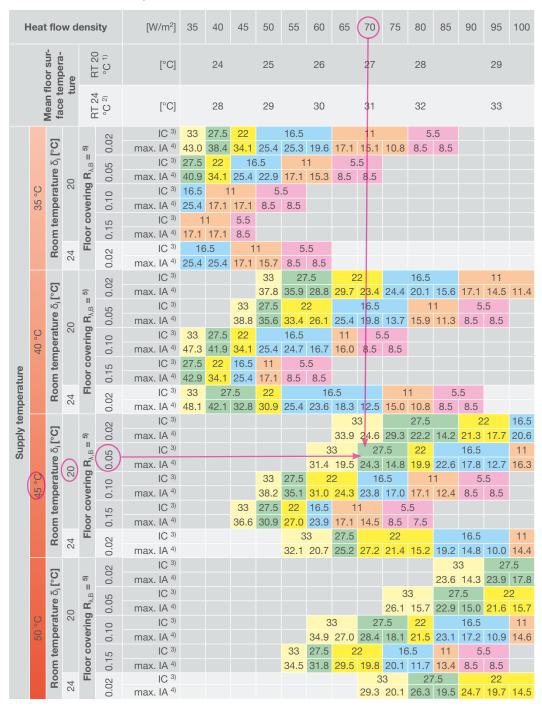
 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 



# **Output data Fonterra Tacker 20**



Tab. 54: Output data Fonterra Tacker 20



| 105  | 110      | 115        | 120  | 125  | 130  | 135  | 140 | 145  | 150  | 155 | 160 | 165 |
|------|----------|------------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|
|      | 30       |            | 31   |      | 3    | 2    |     | 33   |      | 34  |     | 35  |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
| 8.5  | 5<br>8.5 | .5<br>8.5  | 6.1  |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
| 0.5  | 0.5      | 0.0        | 0.1  |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      | 16.5     |            |      | 11   | 0.5  | 0.5  | 5   |      | 0.0  |     |     |     |
| 17.8 |          | 8.4        | 5.5  | 11.4 | 8.5  | 8.5  | 8.5 | 8.1  | 6.3  |     |     |     |
|      | 8.6      |            | 8.5  | 6.4  |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      | 1        |            | 5.5  |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      | 7.8      |            | 8.5  | 6.7  |      | _    |     |      |      |     |     |     |
| 27.5 |          | 22<br>15.3 | 0.0  | 177  | 16   |      | 6.0 | 12.0 | 116  |     | 6.4 | 5.5 |
| 9.9  | 16.5     | 15.3       | 5.5  |      | 14.4 | 10.9 | 0.9 | 5.5  | 11.0 | 9.1 | 0.4 | 8.5 |
| 20.6 |          | 11.9       | 16.4 |      |      | 6.6  | 8.5 |      | 6.5  |     |     |     |
| 11   | 5        |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
| 9.7  | 8.5      | 8.5        |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      |          |            |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |     |     |
|      | 16       | 6.5        |      |      | 11   |      |     | 5.   | .5   |     |     |     |
| 19.7 |          | 12.3       | 8.1  | 14.0 | 11.4 | 8.7  | 8.5 |      | 8.5  | 6.6 |     |     |



#### Key

| <sup>1)</sup> RT 20 °C                  | Room temperature = 20 °C (living rooms)  |
|---|--|
| <sup>2)</sup> RT 24 °C                  | Room temperature = 24 °C (bathrooms)   |
| 3) IC                                   | Installation clearance [cm]  |
| <sup>4)</sup> max. IA [m <sup>2</sup> ] | max. installation area [m²]  |
| <sup>5)</sup> Floor covering            | Thermal resistivity of floor covering $\begin{aligned} R_{A,B} &= 0.02  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with tiles 5 mm} \\ R_{A,B} &= 0.05  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with parquet 10 mm} \\ R_{A,B} &= 0.10  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with carpet 7 mm} \\ R_{A,B} &= 0.15  \text{m}^2  \text{K/W: with thick carpet} \end{aligned}$ |

Tab. 55: Key for the table: Output data Fonterra Tacker 20

# Reading example

| Supply temperature                 | 45 °C                      |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Room temperature                   | 20 °C                      |
| Floor covering                     | $R_{A,B} = 0.05  m^2  K/W$ |
| Floor heating area                 | $20\text{m}^2$             |
| Heat flow density                  | 70 W/m²                    |
| mean floor surface temperature     | 27 °C                      |
| recommended installation clearance | IC 27.5                    |
| Max. heating circuit area          | 24.3 m <sup>2</sup>        |
| 20.0 m² must be covered; therefore | 1 heating circuit          |

Tab. 56: Reading example output data Fonterra Tacker 20

Pressure loss diagram PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT 20x2.0 mm

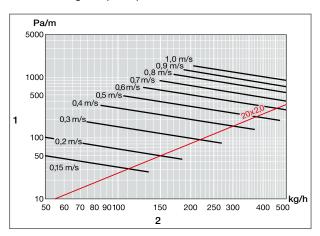


Fig. 95: Pressure loss diagram PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT 20x2.0 mm

# Key

- ① Pressure gradient R [Pa/m]
- 2 Mass flow m [kg/h] (fluid: water)



# **Output diagrams Fonterra Tacker 20**

Heating pipe PB/PE-Xc/PE-RT/20, cement screed 45 mm pipe coverage

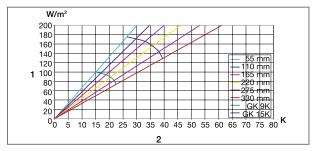


Fig. 96:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.02 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

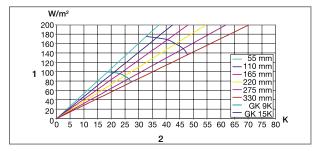


Fig. 97:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, m^2 \, K/W$ 

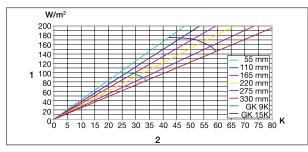


Fig. 98:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \,\text{m}^2 \,\text{K/W}$ 

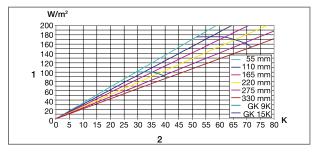


Fig. 99:  $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

# Key

1) Heat flow density [W/m2]

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.02 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.05 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.10 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{K/W}$ 

 $R_{\lambda,B} = 0.15 \,\mathrm{m}^2 \,\mathrm{K/W}$ 



# Mounting

#### Structural requirements

Installation of a surface heating system

- Laws, directives, and statutory regulations are not only applicable for new buildings but also for structural changes of a certain magnitude to existing buildings. For all of Germany, they are defined in a Model Building Regulation, or in the building regulations of the respective Federal State.
- Any concerns must be raised immediately. Do not start any work before all defects have been remedied.
- Plastering work must be completed, and the wall plaster must be applied up to the raw concrete floor.
- When planning the heating circuits, coordinate the heating circuits and the screed fields. Diagonal crossing of movement joints in the substrate by heating pipes is not permitted.
- Windows and external doors must be installed.
- By means of the setting out point specified for constructional purposes, check for each storey that the required construction height is available everywhere.
- To receive the floating heating screed, the underground must be sufficiently dry and has a level surface. It must be free of raised points, pipelines etc. which may result in differences in the screed thickness. The tolerances of the elevation and the inclination of the load-bearing underground must be executed according to DIN 18202, Table 3 line 2a "Measuring tolerances in buildings". Compensation must be provided to level out the surface for reception of the insulation layer, but at least the footfall sound insulation as minimum requirement. The respective construction height must be considered in the plan. Filling materials may be used for the compensation layer if the manufacturer proves the suitability for this purpose. When applying a compensation layer, manufacturer's instructions regarding priming or bonding coat and the additional weight load must be taken into consideration.
- In accordance with DIN 18560 part 2, "Waterproofing against soil moisture" and "non-pressing water" must be specified by the building planner and provided before applying the screed (see DIN 18195-4 and DIN 18195-5).
- It is imperative that polystyrene heat and footfall sound insulation is protected with a PE foil against building waterproofing containing bitumen.
- The planner must specify whether a diffusion-resistant foil must additionally be installed below the surface heating as a precaution against any subsequent building defects from residual moisture.



#### Storage

Before installation, Fonterra system panels should be stored laying flat on a clean, dry, and frost proof underground.

Remove the packaging foil only shortly before mounting the panels.

# Cleaning the underground

On take-over of the construction site before the start of the installation of the underfloor heating, the site must be swept clean. Check for cleanliness, setting out point and levelness tolerances.

Afterwards, you can start to install the Fonterra underfloor heating system. As a first step, set up the edge insulation strip or, if applicable, install the additional insulation.

# Installation of a surface heating system

- If applicable, install additional heat insulation (note the information on heat insulation and additional insulation layers).
- The entire surface is free of joints and hollow spaces.
- Mask any open spaces existing for object-specific reasons.
- Attach edge insulation strips continuously along all the enclosing walls and fittings such as door frames, pillars etc.Gaps cause noise bridges and may result in cracking of screed and floor
- covering.
   Thanks to the overlapping of the system panels, the installed layer is completely closed and suitable for cement screed application once the pipes for the underfloor heating have been laid.
- When using flow screeds, tightly seal the edge joint by gluing the edge insulation strip to the system panel.
- When using calcium sulphate flow screeds, prepare the edge joints with special care. Use the 10 mm edge insulation strip (model 1270.1) and tightly glue it to the system surface.
- Do not trim off any protruding edge insulation strips before you have filled the joints or completed the floor covering (special service acc. to VOB (Construction Tendering and Contract Regulations) part C, or DIN 18299).
- Observe the Viega mounting instructions.
- With proper installation, the waste is only approx. 2% thanks to optimised overlapping and cutting technique.



When installing a surface heating system, pipe clearances to vertical building parts must be observed according to DIN 1264-4: 50 mm with vertical building parts, and 200 mm with chimneys and shafts.

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### Edge insulation strip

Before installing the Fonterra surface heating, determine whether cement or calcium sulphate flow screed will be used.

Besides accommodating the heat-induced length expansion, the edge insulation strip improves the footfall noise insulation properties of the floating screed and reduces losses due to heat/cold bridges to adjacent building parts.

When using cement screeds according to DIN 18560, the Fonterra edge insulation strip model 1270 or model 1270.1 can be used. When using calcium sulphate flow screed, the edge insulation strip (model 1270.1) must be used. Set up the edge insulation strip on the insulation, fix it, and place the foil tension-free on the system element.

Sticking the foil piece tension-free onto the system panel prevents the formation of hollow spaces and guarantees proper sealing of edge joints. Fonterra underfloor heating systems are designed to be suitable for both screed types. Install the edge insulation strips before connection to the manifold.

With heating screeds, the edge insulation strips must allow for at least 5 mm of movement. Corresponding edge strips (edge joints) must be installed at the walls and other upright building elements, such as door frames. Here, the adhesive film of the edge insulation strip must be at screed level; it must not be above the finished screed. Apply the screed first at the edges of the edge insulation strip, then proceed to the middle.



When fixing the edge insulation strip, take care not to produce any noise bridges.

#### Connection to the manifold

To provide for unobstructed routing of the pipes in the manifold area, manifolds should be installed in a very central position. According to DIN EN 1264-4, the heating and cooling circuit manifolds must be arranged in such a way that the supply pipes are as short as possible. Otherwise, the supply pipes may have a negative effect on the regulation of the room temperature. Because a number of collection and connection lines converge upstream of the manifolds and also dissipate heat, it may be necessary to wrap them in suitable insulation materials to prevent overheating of the top layer according to DIN EN 1264-2.

#### Additional insulation layers

The heat insulation to be installed is defined in the EnEV, DIN 4108 and DIN EN 1264.

These minimum requirements must be met. If additional insulation layers are required, they must be laid staggered and closely abutting under the Fonterra system areas. Additional insulation material must comply with the general considerations of DIN 13162 - 13171, must be tested and marked.

For heating screeds, the compressibility of the insulation layer must not exceed 5 mm depending on the payload.





Comply with the following installation instructions:

When installing multi-layer insulation, attach the edge insulation strip only before you are ready to install the footfall sound insulation.

"If the surface of the floating screed is in an incline, a similar incline must already be provided in the load-bearing underground to ensure that you can apply the screed in the same thickness."

The footfall sound insulation must not be weakened or reduced.

If pipelines are laid on the load-bearing underground, they must be fastened and be protected from changing temperatures according to DIN 1264-4 and in compliance with the national regulations.

Compensation must be provided to level out the surface for reception of the insulation layer, but at least the footfall sound insulation as minimum requirement. The respective construction height must be considered in the plan.

#### Screeds and screed additives

Floating screeds must meet the general requirements defined in DIN EN 13813 and DIN 18560-1.

DIN 18560 differentiates between three building types. Fonterra Tacker is building type A.

#### **Building type A**

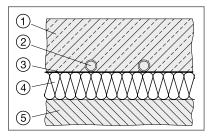


Fig. 100: Systems with pipes within the screed

# Key

- (1) Screed
- Heating element
- ③ Cover
- (4) Insulation layer
- (5) Load-bearing underground

Systems with pipes within the screed



Special design with waterproofing against surface water

In wet rooms such as bathrooms and showers or in swimming pools, there is surface water or splashing water. The only protection is waterproofing above the load distribution layer which prevents penetration of moisture into the building structure by means of a coat of sealing paint or a waterproofing system.

With hot water underfloor heating system, the mean temperature in the calcium sulphate and cement screed in the area of the heating elements must not permanently exceed 55 °C.

According to DIN 18560, the building type and required payload define the thickness, solidity and hardness of the required screed.

The bending tensile strength class of calcium sulphate and cement heating screeds must be in accordance with tables 1 to 4, depending on the respective payloads. Select the nominal thickness of the screed according to tables 1 to 4; with building type A, additionally increase it by the external diameter of the heating pipe. With a bending tensile strength class CT F4, the pipe coverage must at least comply with the nominal thickness of 45 mm, and at least with the nominal thickness of 40 mm with flow screeds of the same bending tensile strength CAF-F4.

Overview nominal screed thickness acc. to DIN 18560-2

| Doylood                 | Single load         | С    | Nominal thickness |        |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Payload                 | Single load         | G    | CAF-F4            | CT-F4  |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 2  \text{kN/m}^2$ |                     | ≤5mm | 35 + d            | 45 + d |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 3  \text{kN/m}^2$ | $\leq 2  \text{kN}$ | ≤5mm | 50 + d            | 65 + d |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 4  \text{kN/m}^2$ | ≤3kN                | ≤3mm | 60 + d            | 70 + d |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 5  \text{kN/m}^2$ | $\leq 4  \text{kN}$ | ≤3mm | 65 + d            | 75 + d |  |  |  |  |

Tab. 57: Overview nominal screed thickness acc. to DIN 18560-2

CT-F4 Cement screed, bending tensile strength F4

**CAF-F4** Calcium sulphate flow screed, bending tensile strength F4 c max. permissible compressibility of the insulation layers

d Pipe diameter/snap plate height

If the installation height is required to be as small as possible, use the Fonterra Base system in connection with thin layer cement screed with 30 mm pipe coverage.

# Viega screed additive for cement screeds

To make cement screed suitable for use in connection with surface heating systems, additives must be added to the screed which improve the bending tensile strength and pressure resistance and reduce the formation of air pores. Adding the screed additive Viega Temporex (model 1455) to the cement screed significantly accelerates setting and curing. Functional heating can start after only 10 days.





Mixing of several screed additives is not permitted.

If a smaller total height is demanded, a reduction of the screed height may be the solution. In this case, the cement screed must be specifically modified. Adding Viega screed additive model 1454 for thin layer cement screed modifies the cement screed in such a way that a screed thickness of 30 mm only will fulfil the requirements in the screed panel.

|  | Regular cement screed                   | Thin layer cement screed                | Cement screed, fast                     |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Screed additive*                       | Model 1453.1                            | Model 1454                              | Model 1455                              |  |  |
| Packing unit                           | 20 kg                                   | 10                                      | kg                                      |  |  |
| Pipe coverage                          | 45 mm                                   | 30 mm                                   | 45 mm                                   |  |  |
| Ratio in relation to the cement weight | 0.8 to 1.0 weight %                     | 7 to 10 weight %                        | 2 weight %                              |  |  |
| Application quantity                   | approx. 0.14 kg/m2                      | approx. 1.30 kg/m2                      | approx. 0.3 kg/m2                       |  |  |
| Consistency after 1 - 2 min.           | plastic to stiff                        | plastic to soft                         | plastic to stiff                        |  |  |
| Hard enough to walk on after           | 3 days                                  | 3 days                                  | 2 days                                  |  |  |
| Hardening phase                        | 21 days                                 | 21 days                                 | 10 days                                 |  |  |
| Functional heating                     | 3 days at 25 °C<br>4 days at e.g. 45 °C | 3 days at 25 °C<br>4 days at e.g. 45 °C | 3 days at 25 °C<br>4 days at e.g. 45 °C |  |  |

Overview of the consumption of screed additives

Tab. 58: Overview of the consumption of screed additives

Viega screed additives make functional heating as described in DIN EN 1264-4 possible.

"With cement screed, functional heating must not start earlier than 21 days after screed installation, or according to the manufacturer's instructions, and earlier than 7 days with calcium sulphate screed.

Functional heating starts with a supply temperature between 20 °C and 25 °C which must be maintained for at least 3 days. Next, the maximum design supply temperature must be set and maintained for at least 4 days. Functional heating must be documented." For documentation, the sample in the appendix to this brochure (Heating log) can be used.

Any shrinkage cracks must be force-fit sealed, e.g. with synthetic resin. Before the floor covering is installed, another course of heating is recommended, the 'readiness-for-covering heating'.

The floor layer must ascertain the residual moisture of the screed in at least 3 measuring points per 200 m<sup>2</sup> heating area, or per apartment. He decides when the screed is ready for floor laying.



Coordination between the heating installers, screed installers and floor layers is necessary. For information, refer to the brochure "Schnittstellenkoordination bei beheizten Fußbodenkonstruktionen" (Interface coordination with floor constructions) of BVF Hagen or on the Internet at: www.flaechenheizung.de.

<sup>\*</sup> Do not add any other screed additives. Compliance with the instructions for use is mandatory.



#### Screed reinforcement

Generally, reinforcement of screeds or heating screeds on the insulation layer is not required (DIN 18560, part 2, par. 5.3.2).

Quote: "Generally, reinforcement of screeds on the insulation layer is not required. A reinforcement cannot prevent cracking. In certain cases, reinforcement can be useful. There are two types of reinforcement: lattice-truss and fibre reinforcement."

In best case, reinforcement could be able to prevent widening of cracks or height offset.

#### **Joints**

A joint plan must be generated which shows the type and arrangement of the joints.

The joint plan must be generated by the building planner and submitted to the executing company as a part of the specification.

Movement joints must be provided in the screed above the building joints. Furthermore, joints (edge joints) must be provided to separate the screed from upright building parts. Any additional joints required must be arranged in such a way that compact fields are created. Movement joints within the screed area must be protected from height offset if necessary.

Depending on their function, the following joint types are differentiated according to DIN 18560 "Floor screeds in building construction":

- Movement joints
- Edge joints
- Concealed joints

#### Movement joints

Movement joints absorb movements of the screed in all directions. They completely separate the screed right up to the heat and footfall sound insulation. If connection lines cross a movement joint, protection must be provided in the form of a 300 mm long section of Fonterra protective pipe for joints installed at the crossover point.

These movement joints must be provided along the same lines in the floor covering.

#### **Edge joints**

Edge joints separate the screed from all enclosing surfaces, but also from building parts in the room such as columns, stairs, or room partition elements. Edge insulation strips provide for the 5 mm minimum movement clearance specified in the DIN standard.

Do not trim off the movement and edge joint insulation strips before completion of the floor covering work respectively joint filling for hard floors. Finally, they must be permanently sealed when the tile surface is laid.

#### **Concealed joints**

Concealed joints, also called trowel grooves, can additionally relieve the tension in screed fields already separated by movement joints.



They can for example be made in door passages where real movement joints are not mandatory. A trowel groove must as a maximum cut the top third of the screed panel. Take care not to damage the pipes. After hardening, the groove is sealed e.g. with synthetic resin; it must not be superimposed as a joint in the tile surface or similar.

Screed fields of  $40\,\text{m}^2$  and more as well as side lengths of more than 8 m must be separated by movement joints. Generally, a side ratio of a/b < 1/2 must not be exceeded. According to DIN EN 1264-4, any irregularly formed areas must be separated off with joints; the aim is to have only rectangular areas with the above-specified dimensions.

For T- or L-shaped rooms, Viega recommends to create rectangular or square screed fields.

Floating heating screed is subject to length expansion. For cement screed, the heat expansion coefficient is 0.012 mm/mK.

For flow screeds, field sizes and movement joints must be coordinated with the manufacturer.

If movement joints are guided through supply lines, the joints must be protected. This is done by means of a slit joint protection. Next, the round profile is pushed between the pipes or over the entire length of the expansion joint into the snap plate.

Finally, the expansion joint profile is placed over the round profile and glued to the system surface. The round profile separates the screed in the required form in the snap plate area, the expansion joint profile separates it in the coverage area.

The screed should first be applied to both sides of the expansion joint strip, and from there to the middle.



# **Assembly steps**

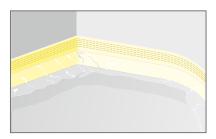


Fig. 101: Lay and fasten the edge insulation strips.

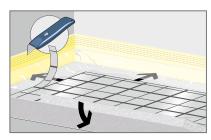


Fig. 102: Trim off any protruding marking foil, unfold and lay the heat/footfall sound insulation.

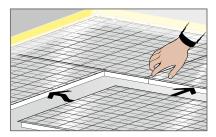


Fig. 103: Join the insulation panels, press the overlapping marking area in. Avoid cross joints.

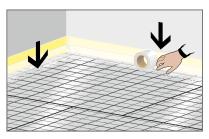


Fig. 104: Fix the foil of the edge insulation strip free of tension on the insulation panels.

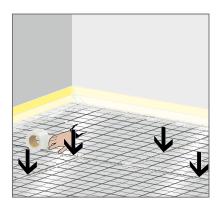


Fig. 105: Mask the overlappings of the marking areas.



Fig. 106: Lay and staple the heating pipes as marked.



# Floor coverings

#### General

Floor coverings installed in connection with underfloor heating must be approved for this use and have a thermal resistivity  $\leq 0.15\,\mathrm{m}^2$  K/W. The installation work must be carried out properly; it starts as soon as the readiness for covering has been ascertained. This is done by measuring the residual moisture of the screed in the places where Viega measuring point sets have been installed. The measurement is done by means of a CM instrument. Before the floor covering is installed, the floor layer must confirm the suitability of the covering for installation on the screed, as specified in DIN EN 1264-4.

For edge and expansion joints, only permanently elastic filling is permitted. Grout residues must be removed.

According to DIN EN 14259, adhesives must be suitable for creating a solid and permanent connection. They must have no negative effects on the floor covering or the underground and must not emit any disagreeable smell after application.

The floor temperature should be between 18 °C and 22 °C, the relative humidity between 40 and 65%.

# Parquet, laminate

Parquet coverings must be laid in compliance with the manufacturers' installation instructions.

The moisture content for multi-layer parquet must be noted; it can be found in the respective standards.

Three-layer parquet can be laid without ("floating") or with adhesive (note manufacturer's information). Use adhesive which is shear-resistant and described by the manufacturer as "suitable for underfloor heating" and "heat ageing resistant".

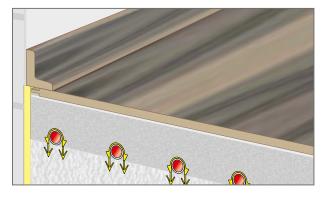


Fig. 107: Parquet, laminate

Parquet, laminate



### Natural or artificial stone coverings

Natural or artificial stone coverings are very popular; thanks to their small thermal resistivity of 0.012 m<sup>2</sup> K/W for ceramic tiles and 0.010 m<sup>2</sup> K/W for natural stone coverings, they are particularly well suited for surface heating systems.

This favourable combination of thermal conductivity of the floor and lower supply temperature of the system provide for a significant reduction of the operating costs.

Natural and artificial stone coverings

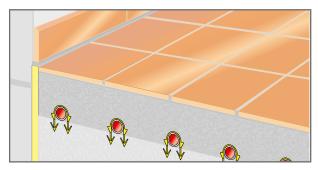


Fig. 108: Natural and artificial stone coverings

# Textile / elastic floor coverings

Textile / elastic floor coverings are suitable for use with underfloor heating systems if marked accordingly.

Due to their higher thermal resistivity, they need a higher supply temperature than ceramic coverings, but they show better results than stone floor coverings in terms of compensation for the ripple of the floor temperature profile. The installation work must be done according to the regulations of DIN 18365 and the manufacturers' instructions.

Textile/elastic floor coverings

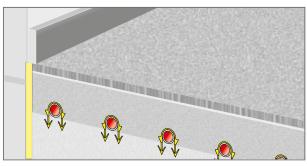


Fig. 109: Textile/elastic floor coverings



Timber floors on underfloor heating systems tend to show increased swelling and shrinking movements. Thus, widening of the joints must be expected during the heating season. This is not a quality defect. Keeping a constant climate of approx. 20 °C and 50% relative humidity helps to reduce this joint formation. Also note the parquet manufacturer's recommendations.



# **Functional heating**

We recommend to retain the document.

| Building project   |  |  |  |  | Date                |                 |         |             |
|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|
| Building owner's address   |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| Address of the   |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| qualified instal-<br>lation company  |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| Functional heating of ce floor installation and mu Start of heating at the e 10 days after applicate 21 days after applicate 7 days after applicate General notes  The heating process During functional he Heat for 3 days with (max. 55 °C).  Note any manufactures  | ast be carried of arliest ation of cement ation of cement ition of calcium as must be slow ating, the screen a supply temp | t screed t screed sulphate and conted must recreature of | with screed a with screed a with screed a and anhydri- cinuous. not be expos | EN 1264-4. additive mod. 145 additive mod. 145 de screed sed to draughts. , then 4 days with | 55<br>53.1 and 1454 | sign suppl      | ly temp | perature    |
| Materials used   |  | Pipes:   |  | <b>●</b> 15x1.5 mm   | • 16x2.0 mm         | <b>o</b> 17x2.0 | 0mm     | • 20x2.0 mm |
|  |  | Screed   | type:  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
|  |  | Screed   | additives:   |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| Functional heating log   | I  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| with supply temperature  | e 20 - 25 °C   | Start:   |  |  | End:                |                 |         |             |
| with max. design temp. in supply line  |  | Start:   |  |  | End:                |                 |         |             |
|  | Interruptions:   | • yes  | from:  | to:  | • no                |                 |         |             |
| The system was approv  | ed for further b   | ouilding v   | ork at an ou   | tside temperature  | e of °C.            |                 |         |             |
| <ul><li>At this point, the syst</li><li>At this point, the floor</li><li>All windows and exte</li></ul>  | r was heated at  | t a supply   | temperature  | e of °C.   |                     |                 |         |             |
| Notes on commission The supply temperature in the screed temperature in the screed temperature in the screen temperature i | es and the indi<br>he proximity of<br>calcium sulpha   | the heat<br>te, and a                                    | ing pipes is r<br>nhydride scr   | not exceeded.  | oust be set in s    | uch a wa        | y that  | the maximum |
| Notes on commissioning The supply temperatures and the individual room temperature regulation must be set in such a way that the maximum screed temperature in the proximity of the heating pipes is not exceeded.  55 °C with cement and calcium sulphate screed or according to the screed manufacturer's specification  |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| Comments   |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
| Building owner   |  | Site ma  | nagement   |  | Qualified           | installati      | on co   | mpany       |
| Date/signature/stamp   |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |
|  |  |  |  |  |                     |                 |         |             |



# Pressure test

After completion of the installation work and execution of the pressure test, this document must be handed over to the planner/building owner.

We recommend to retain the document.

| Building project   |                                 |                       |                     | Date             |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Building owner's address   |                                 |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Address of the qualified installation company  |                                 |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Before applying the used according to I Notes on the test  | DIN EN 1264-4. The<br>procedure | leakage test is car   | ried out at the fir |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| In case of major differences (~10K) between the ambient temperature and the filling water temperature, wait for 30 |                                 |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| minutes after fill   | ling the system for t           | he temperatures to    | adjust.             |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Carry out the lea  | akage test at a pres            | ssure of 0.4 MPa (4 b | oar), max. 0.6 MF   | Pa (6 bar).      |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| System units no the test.  | t designed for these            | e pressure levels (e. | g. safety valves,   | expansion vess   | els etc.) | must be   | exempted from    |  |  |  |
| Visual inspectio   | n of the piping syst            | em/check per mand     | ometer*.            |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| The pressure m   |                                 |                       |                     | ed.              |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Take suitable m  | easures to exclude              | freezing, for examp   | le room heating     | or addition of a | nti-freez | ze to the | heating water.   |  |  |  |
| If the anti-freeze   | e is not required fo            | r normal operation,   | the system mus      | st be cleaned b  | y empty   | ing and   | flushing with at |  |  |  |
| least three wate   | r exchanges.                    |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | ot constant during t  |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| * Pressure gauge:  | s must be used whi              | ch clearly indicate p | oressure change     | es of 0.01 MPa.  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Materials used   |                                 | Pipes:                | □ 15 x 1.5 mm       | □ 16x2.0mm       | □ 17 x    | 2.0 mm    |                  |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | Pipe material:        | □ РВ                | □ Multilayer     | □ PE-     | Xc        | □ PE-RT          |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | Pipe connectors:      | ☐ Pressing          | ☐ Clamping       |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Log of the pressur   | re test                         |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Start of the pressur   | re test:                        | Start pressure:       |                     | Water tem        | perature  | e [°C]:   |                  |  |  |  |
| End of the pressure  | e test:                         | Final pressure:       |                     | Water tem        | perature  | e [°C]:   |                  |  |  |  |
| Visual inspection of   | f pipe connectors c             | arried out?           |                     | □ yes            |           | □no       |                  |  |  |  |
| Position of coupling   | gs marked in the ins            | stallation plan?      |                     | □ yes            |           | □no       |                  |  |  |  |
| Leak tightness was identified in any cor   | □ yes                           |                       | □ no                |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |
| Has the operating p  | oressure been set o             | n system handover     | ?                   | □ yes            |           | □ no      |                  |  |  |  |
| Building owner   |                                 | Site management       |                     | Qualified i      | nstallati | ion com   | pany             |  |  |  |
| Date/signature/stam  | ip                              |                       |                     |                  |           |           |                  |  |  |  |



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